



Protecting citizens & consumers online

Andrew Bud

CEO & Founder, iProov

Company Overview



Andrew Bud CBE FREng FIET

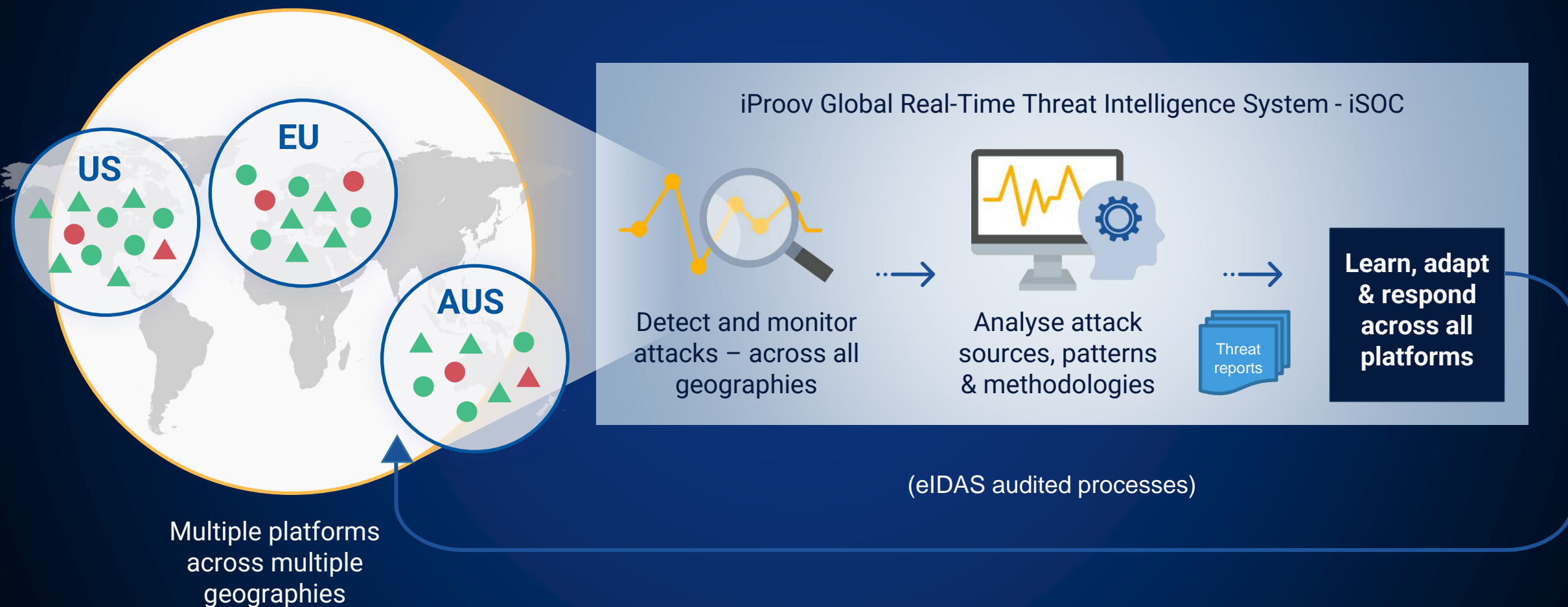
- Founder and CEO of iProov
- Professional Engineer
- Serial entrepreneur
- Former chair of ETSI committees
- Former chair of UCL External Advisory Council on Computer Science



About iProov

- Founded in London in 2011
- 170 staff in UK, Netherlands, US, Singapore
- We provide the only means by which an online user is verified as the right person, a real person, and, critically, that they are authenticating right now, using advanced biometrics (Genuine Presence Assurance)

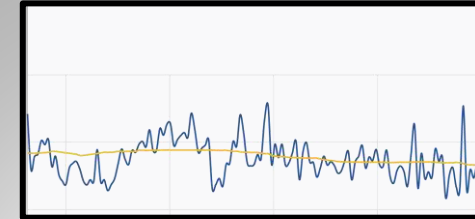
iSOC: Sourcing Biometric Threat Intelligence



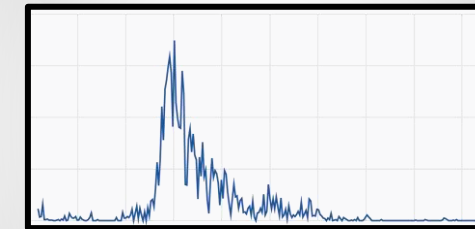
Observed Threat Patterns: 2022

**5X
More**

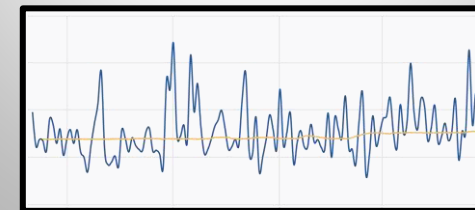
**Digital Injection
vs.
Presented Attacks**



Presentation attacks
(ex. masks)



Presented mask
attacks only



Digital injection
attacks

2022 Key Trends

1

Evolution of Digital Injection Attacks

- Massive rise in the use of emulators across mobile web, native Android & iOS
No platform is safe
- Criminals are getting much better at spoofing metadata
- Significant rise in quality of imagery used in attacks

650% Increase ↑

Launched from desktop web, posing as mobile web, android and iOS native H2 vs. H1 2022

2

Emergence of Novel Face Swap Attacks

- Digitally injected face swaps use **real** identities that can be difficult for systems to spot, and near impossible for humans
- The rise of face swap attacks indicates that low-skilled criminals now have access to technology to launch advanced attacks

178% Increase ↑

H2 vs. H1 2022

3

Global, Indiscriminate Attacks at Scale

- Non-targeted attacks are being launched at platforms and systems worldwide simultaneously
- Attacks are motion-based meaning active verification technology is highly vulnerable

100-200 within 24hrs

Simultaneously Launched Automated DIA Verification Attempts 3 X Per Week Worldwide

No Compromises In User-Centric Security Policy



Inclusion through user choice:

- No imposition or requirement for special device hardware or sensors
- Ability to securely authenticate on any device with a user-facing camera



Device risk mitigation:

- No reliance on users' device for security
- Mitigate risk from synthetic or compromised devices



Verification integrity:

- Use inaccessible processing to prevent reverse engineering by attackers
- Mitigate threat of adversarial attack



Agile response:

- Ongoing threat intelligence to evolve defences



Inclusion through accessibility:

- Device & platform agnostic to include all users
- Robust performance and bias monitoring
- Cloud-based delivery



Robust choice pathways:

- Non-biometric enrolment option must be equally secure...
- ...even if convenience is sacrificed



Identity recovery:

- Users should not be required to re-enrol when devices are changed or replaced



Relieve users of burden of responsibility:

- Implementation of new detection algorithms must not rely on or compel the user to update their personal device



Thank you

Genuine Presence Assurance

Right person, Real person, Right now